

12-9-1962

## Kabul Times (December 9, 1962, vol. 1, no. 229)

Bakhtar News Agency

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**YESTERDAY:**  
Maximum +12°C.  
Minimum -7°C.  
Sun sets today at 4:48 p.m.  
Sun rises tomorrow at 6:51 a.m.

**NEWS STALLS**  
Near Shahi Pul; Near  
Mosque Shar-e-Naw; Khyber  
Restaurant; International  
Club; Pamir Cinema; Near  
Ariana Afghan Airlines.

VOL. I, NO. 229

KABUL, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1962 (QAWS 18, 1341 S.H.)

## REVOLT IN BRUNEI: 7 KILLED, 11 WOUNDED Rebels Seize Control Of Oil Plant

SERIA, (Brunei), Dec. 9, (Reuter).—Tough Gurkha troops flew in from Singapore to the tiny sultanate of Brunei last night to grapple with a "secret army" which seized control of a vast oil plant here and attacked police posts.

## Six Killed In Clashes In Algerian Town

ALGIERS, Dec. 9, (AP).—Five Frenchmen and an Algerian were killed in three violent incidents in Orleansville yesterday, bringing about a vigorous French diplomatic protest to Mr. Ben Bella's Government.

The incidents came only four days after the French Government reported it would keep a sharp eye on Mr. Ben Bella's ability to maintain order in his country. The French Embassy in Algiers said in a statement that the Moroccan who was killed was a uniformed soldier. The statement said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces.

Willaya No. 4, the Moslem community unit in the area during the revolution, still reportedly occupies the dominating position despite the presence of elements of Mr. Ben Bella's National People's Army. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces.

The second incident was a clash between French and Algerian forces. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces.

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## Pakistani Mercenary Killed

KABUL, Dec. 9.—A Pakistani mercenary was killed on December 6 by a group of Momand nationalists at Yaka Ghund military post. A report from Momand states that the mercenary was Mr. Mohammad Yakoub, better known as Khan, and was representing the District Commissioner at the post. The colonialistic Government of Pakistan has put pressure on the people in the nearby villages in connexion with the incident.

## WARRANT ISSUED FOR ARREST OF SOUSTELLE

PARIS, Dec. 8, (Reuter).—A warrant for the arrest of Soustelle, leading underground opponent of the de Gaulle regime, which he once served, has been issued by a magistrate here, the Justice authorities said last night.

The Justice authorities said that Soustelle was wanted for questioning in connexion with an inquiry into an alleged plot against the authority of the State. They said Soustelle was wanted specifically for questioning about his alleged role as a leader of the CNR (the National Council of Resistance), a successor to the OAS.

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## LEGAL PROBLEMS OF OUTER SPACE Efforts To Break East-West Deadlock Urged

NEW YORK, Dec. 9, (AP).—The Soviet Union, the United States and 13 other countries proposed yesterday that the U.N. General Assembly call for urgent efforts to break the East-West deadlock over the legal problems of outer space exploration.

## 'Little Summit' May Suggest Negotiations

COLOMBO, Dec. 9, (Reuter).—A six-nation "little summit" conference opens here tomorrow to discuss ways of settling the Sino-Indian border dispute.

Informed sources here said the conference to be attended by Ceylon, Burma, Indonesia, Cambodia, China and the United Arab Republic would aim at easing the current tensions and preparing the ground for India and China to resolve their differences through negotiations.

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They submitted a compromise resolution on the subject for consideration in the Assembly's Political Committee, which last Monday began debating a report of the U.N. Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space.

U.S. delegation sources said the Soviet delegation agreed on Friday night to sponsor the compromise proposal, a revision of a resolution originally put forward by the United States alone.

The United States, without co-sponsors, meanwhile proposed that the Assembly adopt a declaration recommending principles for countries to follow in the exploration and use of outer space.

The Legal Sub-Committee of the Outer Space Committee, deadlocked in Geneva last summer over a similar declaration proposed by the Soviet Union, the Soviet delegation said that the Sub-Committee deal first with the Soviet proposal.

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## CHINA REJECTS INDIA'S SEPT. 8 STATUS QUO PLAN Call For Negotiations To Solve Border Dispute

BEIJING, Dec. 9, (AP).—China today declared in a statement that the Sept. 8 status quo plan proposed by India to solve the border dispute between the two countries was not acceptable.

The statement said that the Indian proposal was "a unilateral move" and that China would not accept it. The statement also said that the Moroccan was killed in a clash with Algerian forces.

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## KABUL TIMES

DECEMBER 9, 1962

DR. ADENAUER'S  
DECISION

The decision of Dr. Konrad Adenauer to step down as the Chancellor of West Germany next fall has, according to many political observers in Bonn, cleared the way for the formation of a new coalition Government in that country. Moves for a coalition between the Christian Democrats (Dr. Adenauer's party) and the Social Democrats fell through, partly over the issue of changing the electoral laws. Now it is hoped that the Christian Democrats will renew their partnership with the Free Democrats.

Dr. Adenauer has been a dominant figure in West Germany's post-war period; there were people who praised him and there were those who criticized his policies. But he is one of the individuals who steered his nation through some very difficult years. He is one of those who have held a long and consistent record of office.

Dr. Erhard, who is expected to succeed Dr. Adenauer, strongly supports his country's participation in the economic progress of the world and is one of the main architects of the European Common Market. It is only through the economic genius of Dr. Erhard that West Germany has made miraculous economic recovery and is today considered one of the richest nations of the world. The fact that the Free Democrats are reported to want him as the successor of Dr. Adenauer should brighten his chancellorship chances and provide him with further co-operation when he assumes that office.

The West German Government went through quite a crisis during the past few weeks after the "Der Spiegel" case flare-up. It is hoped that by tomorrow or Tuesday a new Cabinet will be announced. Then West Germany can go to the four-Power ministerial talks which will be held in Paris this week, with further confidence.

## AFGHANISTAN'S VIEWS ON THE PRESS AND RADIO AT A GLANCE

The following is the text of the speech delivered by Mr. Amanullah Hasrat, Afghan delegate, in the Fifth Committee of the 17th session of the General Assembly on geographical distribution of the staff of the Secretariat and proportion of fixed-term staff.

In this Committee last year we had a long discussion on the subject of geographical distribution of the staff of the Secretariat. Many delegations took part in the debate of this matter and many views were expressed. The outcome of this lengthy debate was two draft resolutions submitted to the Committee, one by thirteen countries, the other by the United States, which included the amendment of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics finally acceptable to the United States. At the same time efforts had been made in the Committee towards the adoption of a unanimous resolution, but because of the divergences in the views of the delegations, Canada proposed that the Secretary-General should present its considered views on how to improve the geographical distribution of the staff of the Secretariat after carefully considering the text of the two draft resolutions and the views expressed in the Committee in regard to these resolutions. This proposal was adopted by the Committee.

Now the Acting Secretary-General (subsequently U. Thant has been elected to a full term) according to the direction of this Committee, submitted three reports, which explained the activities of the Secretary-General in regard to the improvement of the unsatisfactory geographical distribution of posts in the Secretariat of the United Nations, during the period of September 1, 1961 to August 31, 1962. By studying these reports, I could say at this juncture that the Secretary-General has done its best to give attention to the views which had been expressed in the Committee last year.

**New Formula**  
Document A/5270 contains in detail the views of the Acting Secretary-General on this subject. These views concur with those of

## A U.N. Session That Survived Peril Of War Over Cuba

The General Assembly nears the end of a session that survived the peril of war over Cuba but still faces the threat of bankruptcy from the Congo, reports AP.

With less than two weeks to go before the December 21 deadline, the Assembly and its main committees are expected to plunge into a round of night sessions to try to wind up their heavy agenda. The Assembly's main Political Committee which finally turned the thorny disarmament question over to the 17-nation Committee meeting in Geneva, is still occupied with outer space and must deal with the perennial issue of Korea.

The special Political Committee is embroiled in a bitter debate over Palestine refugees which has turned into a concerted Arab attempt to pin a Nazi label on Zionism. It hopes to wind up the discussion next week and go on to the question of Hungary which is expected to generate some East-West debates.

**Congo Operation**  
The Budgetary Committee, Security Council and was later taken over by U.S. and Soviet negotiators with U. Thant, acting general notice, has been holding

the majority of members of the Fifth Committee. For example, the report concurs that the composition of the staff in the Secretariat should reflect the geographical composition of the Organization. The Secretary-General also found the reasons for a new formula for the appraisal of geographical distribution suitable, instead of the old formula of the desirable range of posts as the yardstick.

In addition to all the improvements and efforts of the Secretary-General which have been rendered in respect to achieving well-balanced geographical distribution, still more should be done, until we reach the final goal. In this context, if we turn to page 4 of Document A/5270, there is a table which explains the changes that occurred in the recruitment of staff between the years 1948 and 1962. According to this table, between September, 1961 and August, 1962 showed the greatest improvement, and we hope this trend will continue and eliminate the imbalance which exists in the geographical composition of the staff of the Secretariat. Therefore my delegation hopes that in the coming years the circumstances will enable the Acting Secretary-General to come up with a more positive result.

**Mr. Chairman**  
It is very important to my delegation to explain its view explicitly on one point, and that is in the case of the formula for the appraisal of geographical distribution of staff. Last year the thirteen-Power draft resolutions of which my delegation was one of its co-sponsors, clearly stated that a minimum of five posts should be fixed for each Member State by virtue of its membership. Here once again we wish to reiterate our position, that our understanding in regard to the factor of membership is that each Member State has the right to have the minimum of five posts, regardless of the other determining factors of contribution and population. The remaining posts, of course, should be distributed according to the Member States' percentage of contribution and population.

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(Contd. on Page 3)

## RADIO KABUL

## PROGRAMME

SUNDAY

(EXTERNAL SERVICES)

First English Programme:

3-30-3-30 p.m. A.S.T. = 10-30 GMT  
Music 3-30-3-30 Commentary 3-10  
3-13; Music 3-13-3-16; article on

"Men who made history" 3-16-3-20;  
Music 3-20-3-30.

Second English Programme:  
on 19 Metre Band for South East  
Asia and Indonesia.

Urdu Programme:

6-00-6-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 63 Metre  
Band in the Short Wave.

Third English Programme:  
6-30-7-00 p.m. A.S.T. = 14-00 GMT  
on 63 Metre Band.

News 6-30-6-37; Music 6-37-6-40  
commentary 6-40-6-43; Music 6-43-  
6-46; article on "Afghanistan to-  
day" 6-46-6-49; Music 6-49-7-00.

Russian Programme:  
10-00-10-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 63  
Metre Band.

Arabic Programme:  
10-30-11-00 p.m. A.S.T. on 19  
Metre Band.

German Programme:  
11-00-11-30 p.m. A.S.T. on 19  
Metre Band.

French Programme:  
11-30-12-00 p.m. A.S.T. on 19  
Metre Band.

Western Music:  
9-00-9-30 a.m. daily except Fri-  
day.  
5-00-5-30 p.m. daily except Sun-  
day.  
11-00-11-55 a.m. Friday (mixed  
programme).  
6-00-6-45 p.m. Sunday, classical  
or popular music alternating.  
6-45-10-00 p.m. Monday, Wednes-  
day, Saturday.

Monday  
Kabul-Mazar:  
Dep. 8-30 Arr. 10-40.  
Kandahar-Kabul:  
Dep. 12-30 Arr. 14-00.  
Mazar-Kabul:  
Dep. 11-00 Arr. 13-00.

Beirut-Kabul:  
Dep. 12-30 Arr. 14-00.

Fire Brigade ... 20121-20122  
Police ... 20150-24041  
Traffic ... 20150-24041  
Airport ... 22318  
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Dep. 12-30 Arr. 14-00.

Fire Brigade ... 20121-20122  
Police ... 20150-24041  
Traffic ... 20150-24041  
Airport ... 22318  
Ariana Booking Office: 24731

Monday  
Kabul-Mazar:  
Dep. 8-30 Arr. 10-40.  
Kandahar-Kabul:  
Dep. 12-30 Arr. 14-00.  
Mazar-Kabul:  
Dep. 11-00 Arr. 13-00.

Beirut-Kabul:  
Dep. 12-30 Arr. 14-00.

Fire Brigade ... 20121-20122  
Police ... 20150-24041  
Traffic ... 20150-24041  
Airport ... 22318  
Ariana Booking Office: 24731



Work is in full swing on the Nangrahar irrigation project. Picture shows a deep well which has been dug in Surkh Dewar for workers to go down to construct the irrigation tunnels.

## AFGHANISTAN'S GREAT MARCH FARWARD

By Engineer Ghulam Ghaus  
Many people have been acquainted with and are now using the centres of large-scale textile manufacture, Kunduz has been known in the manufacture of ceramics, soap, cotton and vegetable oils. Sugar is manufactured in Baghlan and brown sugar in Jalalabad. The vegetable raw materials grown and processed for the manufacture of sugar at Baghlan and Jalalabad are respectively beetroot and sugar cane.

Leadership for the establishment and wise operation of a number of large industrial enterprises such as electricity, textile, cement, oil, cotton, coal, sugar, etc. have been provided. The Government has been putting the co-operation and technico-economic assistance of various foreign sources in this matter. Higher education in foreign countries and institutes of learning is being made available to every competent Afghan.

To demonstrate an example of the determined efforts for progress, one may look to areas in the country which produced practically nothing for centuries. Now the Government and the people have literally determined to turn the desert into a fertile land. One could notice this example in such places as Pul-i-Khomri, Kunduz or Lashkaragh. Abundance of water generation of hydro-electric power, construction of new buildings, paved highways and parks, and the continued development of industry and agriculture are the distinguished features of their progress.

As for the agricultural resources, the fact is realized that they are not yet developed adequately enough. The nation's full needs of food and agricultural raw materials are yet to be met. To the farmers it is increasingly difficult to make a living from the soil. Mechanization, organization and industries are waiting to enter into the field. Large cities and provinces along the country have started to receive their share of industries. Almost each one of them is producing some particular variety of manufactured commodities of almost every continent.

Reforms in the past some years have given the people better economy and Western culture. In the field of economy a rise in the people's income, increased production, and the development of commerce and banking are apparent and recognized by people in all walks of life. Where there was only one Government bank before now there are several for construction purposes and for grant of credits for business ventures of various descriptions.

The use of great many instruments of commerce familiar to the modern world have been applied and are being expanded. Checks, receipts, bills of lading, letters of credit, trade associations, joint stock companies and various other means have been made familiar to many business circles in the country.

Commercial Relations  
The expansion of commerce would scarcely have been made possible without a corresponding development of banking. Today Afghanistan has commercial relations with nearly all regions of the world. Kabul has become consumers goods market for the products of almost every continent.

Press Review  
(Contd. from page 2)  
too obvious. Humanity is afraid of a repetition of such a catastrophe which has taken away millions of lives in the past stopping the onward march of civilization and bringing about poverty, misery and destruction. We hope that these talks in Geneva would prove successful and, through reaching an agreement on the vital issue of disarmament, the world may be rid of the present unrest and anxiety.

It is the considered opinion of my delegation that the maintenance of a well-balanced composition of the staff of the Secretariat of the United Nations does not affect the paramount consideration of Article 101, paragraph 3 of the Charter, that is, the necessity of securing the highest standard of efficiency, competence and integrity, but rather accelerates the work of the Secretariat in the different fields of its activities.

My delegation hopes that this year the Fifth Committee will reach a unanimous decision on this matter which will facilitate the work of the Secretariat in the future endeavors of the solution of this perennial question. Therefore my delegation will support the draft resolutions submitted by the Six Powers, and by Czechoslovakia because the provisions of these two draft resolutions are in accord with our views.

## American Team To Climb Mount Everest

A team of top United States scientists who are mountaineers will launch next month what they hope will be the third successful expedition to climb Mount Everest and the first attempt ever made by Americans to scale the world's highest peak, as well as two other peaks.

The National Geographic Society has announced detailed plans for the expedition which will be led by Swiss-born Mr. Norman Dyhrenfurth, a California film producer and a veteran Himalayan climber.

The combined scientific mountaineering expedition attempt to climb 29,028 ft. Everest and also her sister peaks, Lhotse (27,923 ft.), the world's fourth highest, and Nuptse (27,726 ft.).

The 1953 British expedition, led by Sir John Hunt, was the first to scale Mount Everest and it was climbed again by a Swiss team in 1956. Lhotse and Nuptse have also been climbed, but no expedition has ever tried to conquer all three peaks.

The 19-man American team will attempt Everest by the same route taken by Sir John and his team in 1953—by the south face, which is in the territory of Nepal.

The expedition includes three medical doctors, a psychologist, a physicist, a glaciologist, a sociologist and a historian.

## New Association

## Helps Control

## Leprosy

TOKYO, Dec. 9 (DPA)—An Asian Leprosy Relief Association in Japan has set itself the task of helping Asian countries, especially India, to control leprosy through raising funds for the construction of leprosy hospitals and other leprosy projects.

The Association was inaugurated on Friday in a Tokyo ceremony attended by prominent Japanese supporters of the aid campaign, including the former Prime Minister, Mr. Tanzan Ishibashi.

According to the Kyodo news service, the Association aims initially to raise 150 million yen from donations in Japan during the next three years to build a leprosy in Uttar Pradesh State, Northern India.

It hopes that enough funds will have been received by next March to start the project then.

## U.N. SECRETARIAT

## STAFF

(Contd. from page 2)  
of 25.4 per cent in regard to fixed-term contracts during the year 1962.

It is the considered opinion of my delegation that the maintenance of a well-balanced composition of the staff of the Secretariat of the United Nations does not affect the paramount consideration of Article 101, paragraph 3 of the Charter, that is, the necessity of securing the highest standard of efficiency, competence and integrity, but rather accelerates the work of the Secretariat in the different fields of its activities.

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# Chinese Troops Continue Withdrawal

TOKYO, Dec. 9. (Ap).—The People's Republic of China announced yesterday that Chinese troops will withdraw further today in both eastern and western sectors of the disputed Sino-Indian border.

A spokesman of the Chinese Defence Ministry said in a statement that Chinese frontier guards would continue their withdrawal on December 9 along the entire Himalayan border in accordance with Peking's December 1 announcement.

The statement broadcast by the New China News Agency and monitored here said in the eastern sector "it has been scheduled that on December 9, the Chinese frontier guards stationed in the area north of the Tachapani river will all withdraw from Lafah, Tolung Bridge, Bomdila, Rupa, Potung bridge and other places to Lahung, Lahang and Dirang Dzong."

It said the Chinese troops stationed at Panchung and the area to its north will all withdraw from Panchung, Hifung, Chaya, Kangmuri, Kamk, Sati, Wati, Keli and other places to Walong and the

# WORLD TRADE TALKS IN EARLY 1964 U.N. Assembly Votes Resolution

NEW YORK, Dec. 9. (AP).—The U.N. General Assembly yesterday voted to convene an international trade and development conference in 1963 or 1964 to solve trade problems between industrial countries and developing nations.

The vote was 91-0 with one abstention after the Assembly approved amendments that knocked out a September 1963 deadline for the conference. The deadline had been insisted on by a number of underdeveloped countries in the Assembly's Economic Committee.

Threats of the United States, Britain and other trading Powers to reconsider a promise to attend the conference played a large part in changing the minds of delegates who said they wanted the conference to have as wide a representation as possible. The Assembly turned down a Soviet proposal to include China and East Germany in the conference.

The plea to include the countries which are not members of the United Nations was defeated 44-27 with 18 abstentions.

The Assembly decided to issue a declaration on trade and development, and to set up a committee of experts to study the problems of trade and development. The committee will report to the Assembly in 1964. The Assembly also decided to set up a working group to study the problems of trade and development. The working group will report to the Assembly in 1964.

The deadline amendment was voted into the draft resolution, over Soviet objection, by a vote of 72-0 with 11 abstentions.

**Tariff Paragraph**  
The tariff paragraph as adopted by a 70-4 vote with three abstentions gives this criterion: "(consider) measures leading to the gradual removal of tariff, non-tariff or other trade barriers by industrialized countries whether individually or collectively which have an adverse effect on the exports of developing countries and on the expansion of international trade in general."

Some countries wanted to knock out the word "gradual" but it was sustained 39-17 with 32 abstentions.

Speakers after speaker in explaining his vote stressed that the conference must be complete and that the conference is to succeed.

The Assembly President summed up the speeches with a plea to all Governments to make the conference a success.

**Missing Italian Consul Located In Ndola**

NEW YORK, Dec. 9. (AP).—A U.N. spokesman said yesterday that the missing Italian Consul in Ndola, Zambia, had been located. The Consul, who was reported missing after a plane crash, was found in Ndola and is now being treated for his injuries.

# Home News In Brief

FAIZABAD, Dec. 9.—Mr. Abdul Wahab Malikyar, the acting President of the Rural Development Department and his companions together with Mr. Sherzai, the acting Chief Commissioner of Badakhshan province, yesterday inspected the village schools for boys and girls, community centres, and adults training courses launched under the Rural Development programme for the province in Ishkashim, Wakhan and Zebak.

MAZAR, Dec. 9.—A buzkashi game was played between the teams of Mazar, Balkh, Charbolak and Koh-e-Sakhi at Dasht-e-Shayan yesterday, which ended in favour of the Charbolak team. Mr. Mokim Bi, President of the Buzkashi Sport in Mazar, was the referee and Mr. Rasool Bi of the Charbolak team brought the carcass to the pre-selected area marked by a ring and was thus announced the winner. Present to watch the game were provincial officials and a large number of enthusiasts.

KABUL, Dec. 9.—Dr. Bernard WHO Assistant Chief in South-East Asia, left Kabul for New Delhi yesterday morning. He had come here on November 28 and since then has been busy with health projects and held talks with officials of the Ministry of Public Health on matters related to the implementation of various projects.

Dr. Bernard was seen off at the airport by Dr. Hakim, President of the Health Affairs, other Ministry officials and members of the U.S. delegation. Dr. Bernard is expected to return to Kabul in a few days.

AT THE CINEMA

**PARK CINEMA:**  
At 4-30, 7-00 and 9-00 p.m. English film: **OPERATION BULLSHINE**; starring Donald Sinden, Barbara Murray and Carole Lesley.  
**KABUL CINEMA:**  
At 4-00 and 6-30 p.m. Indian film: **EK HI RASTA**; starring Ashok Kumar and Meena Kumari.  
**BEHZAD CINEMA:**  
At 4-00 and 6-30 p.m. American film: **DANGEROUS EXILE**; starring Richard O'Sullivan.  
**ZAINAB CINEMA:**  
At 4-00 and 6-30 p.m. Russian film: **THE STORY OF A CADET**.

# U.N. Debate On Outer Space

(Contd. from page 1)

aspects of outer space. Canada became a co-sponsor last Monday. When the resolution was turned in on Saturday with a section on legal problems added, 13 other members of the Outer Space Committee also became co-sponsors.

They were the Soviet Union, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Mongolia, Poland, Australia, Austria, India, Italy, Lebanon, Sierra Leone and Sweden.

The declaration proposed by the United States embodies some principles from the one proposed by the Soviet Union for example, that all countries may have outer space and celestial bodies, but every country retains ownership of the vehicles it sends into space.

The U.S. declaration omits a clause of the Soviet declaration that would ban spy satellites. Dr. Bernard said that the U.S. declaration in the Political Committee on Monday. He and Mr. Peter S. Thacher of the U.S. delegation, worked out the compromise with the Soviet delegate, Mr. Platon D. Morozov.

KABUL, Dec. 9.—A seminar on English language for men and women teachers of the capital and provinces was opened by the Institute of Education at Teachers Training College yesterday. The seminar which will last a week will be held under the supervision of foreign and local teachers. An official of the Institute said in an interview that useful results had been obtained from similar seminars launched over the past few years for the promotion of English language among the teaching community.

**BRUNEI REVOLT**  
(Contd. from page 1)  
Sarawak Government spokesman said the situation at Seria oilfield and in Kuala Belait, which were serious and that reinforcements were on their way there.

The spokesman said that the rebels had been driven back and that the situation was now under control. He said that the rebels had been driven back and that the situation was now under control.

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